Taylor Earl

10/29/14

History

* Womans Rights and Suffrage
  + 1848 Seneca Falls Convention
    - Declaration of Sentiments (“All men and women are created equal”)
  + 1866 American Equal Rights Association
    - Not enough for black men to just get freedom for them
  + 1869 (Stanton and Anthony)
    - Founded the nationail woman suffrage assosiation
    - A broader, more radical approach
    - Fought for more than just suffrage
      * property rights
      * liberalizing divorce laws
      * Opening colleges
  + Lucy Stone
    - Founded the American Woman Suffrage Association
  + in 1890 the 2 foundations combined
  + Theodore Tiltion
    - The federal governments duty to step up
* Determining Black/White
  + Black/Negro
    - Slavery imposes ractial category on African ethnic diversity
      * One drop of African blood = black
      * 19th century gradations: mulatoo (mixed race), quadroon (¼), octoroon(⅛)
  + White
    - Privleged category claimed by successive waves of Europeans
      * Whiteness = native born, Americanness rights of citizenship
      * Original whites = anglo saxon protestants
      * 1830’s -40’s Irish Catholic immigration , not white, but irish
      * Irish and other European immigrants assert whiteness by positioning theselves above African Americans
      * To be white, is to claim that you are not black
* Homer Plessy
  + Had a relative and was 1/8th black
  + Refused to sit in a black train cart
  + “Separate, but equal”
  + Make segregation totally legal